

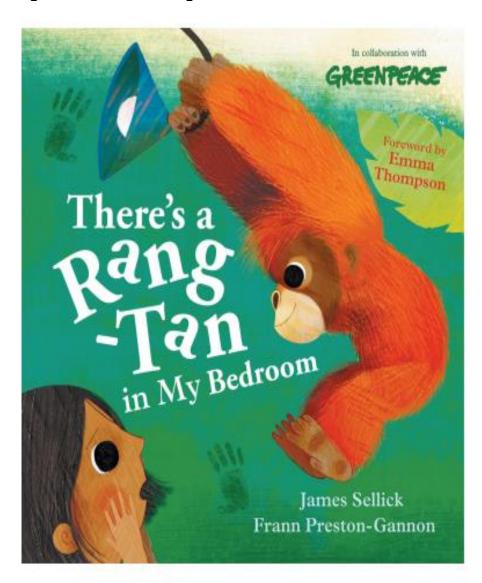


Term: Summer 2	Teacher & Year Group:	Miss McInnes, Class 3						
Home Learning. Hi class 3This is the 13th week of Home Learning, I hope you have been enjoying time with your family and working hard, I can't wait to see/hear about what you have been doing when we return back to school.I have sent some more lessons for you to get on with and I hope you are regularly practicing your reading, handwriting and times tables. I hope to see you all soon, Miss McInnes								
		<u>Daily Activities.</u> This week we are focusing on						
	Monday	In English – Monday resources, look at the front cover of the book and answer the questions						
	U U	below in your Home Learning book.						
	Tuesday	I would like you to use a dictionary (if you don't have one the internet is fine) to research						
		the meaning of each of the words on Tuesday's resource sheet. Once you have found the						
English		meanings can you write a sentence included each of the words in your Home Learning book.						
	Wednesday	Using Wednesday's resources can you complete your own fact sheet about Orangutans.						
	Thursday	In the resources there is a picture of a rainforest and an activity to complete. You need to cross out the incorrect word in the text. If you have not got access to a printer, you can write down the correct words in your Home Learning book or write out the text with the correct words included.						
	Friday	Write a poem about an Orangutan. You can chose to write a Kenning, Haiku, Shape or free verse poem.						

		St Paul's Peel C.E. Primary School	
Maths	Year 3	<b>Daily Activities</b> I have included some worksheets on time. Make sure you go onto TT Rockstars each week too.	
Art	<u> </u>	www.google.com/search?q=how+to+draw+an+orangutan&rlz=1C1LOQA_en( +an+orangutan+&aqs=chrome69i57j0l7.4903j0j4&sourceid=chrome&ie=UTF lbx=_3bDfXta7Ktad1fAPio6Z-A868 e link above I would like you to have a go at trying to draw an orangutan.	•
Science	sheet in	<u>/www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/clips/znvfb9q</u> Watch the clip about seed dispersal the resources below. You could also collect some seeds on your daily walks c source sheets about your seed. Record any answers in your Home Learning b	ind answer the questions
Computing	•	rget you can go on Espresso coding or practise your computing skills by typi point – this could be about anything you want.	ng up a story or creating
Religious Education	when so	<u>/www.topmarks.co.uk/judaism/story-of-joseph</u> Read the story of Joseph and meone close to you has done something bad to you. Did you find it easy to j st them again? Write your example in your Home Learning book.	
P.E	Every m time, yo <u>https://</u>	<u>www.youtube.com/user/thebodycoach1</u> orning at 9am, Joe Wicks streams a live PE lesson. It is 30minutes long, if yo u can access it at any time on his YouTube channel, follow the link above. <u>www.youtube.com/results?search_query=cosmic+kids+yoga</u> lso included a YouTube link for Cosmic Kids Yoga – these videos are great as Yoga.	
PSHE		jou to have a think about the word resilience and write down what you think u are resilient and what you think is good about being resilient.	r it means, how you



# English - Monday



- 1. What might the relationship be between the little girl and the orangutan?
- 2. What are the possible similarities and differences between the little girl and the orangutan?
- 3. Why do you think the orangutan might be in the girl's bedroom? Why is this unusual?
- 4. What sort of message do you think the story might have? Why?





# English - Tuesday







# <u>English – Wednesday</u> <u>Facts</u>

Orangutans feed on wild fruit such as lychees and figs, but they also eat bark and insects which mean that they are an omnivore like humans.

Orangutans are great apes who can be found in Asia. They inhabit Malaysia and Indonesia where they live in the rainforests on the islands of Borneo and Sumatra.



In the wild these great apes often live alone and on average can live for 30 - 40 years if they are not injured or captured.

Orangutans depend on the trees in the rainforest for food and for shelter. They have been observed, in the wild, using large leaves as umbrellas. Because they are so dependent on the trees this means that they are in danger of extinction because of deforestation and other human activities such as hunting.

### Orangutan

There are three types of Orangutan and all are critically endangered.

Their scientific names are Pongo Abelii, Pongo Pygmaeous and Pongo tapanuliensis

Standing at 4-5ft tall, Orangutans are about the same height as an 11 year old human but they can weigh between 5 and 12 stones making them much heavier than most Y6 children!





# <u>English – Wednesday</u> <u>Template</u>





# English – Thursday

Orangutans live in the rainforests of the south-east Asian islands of Borneo and Sumatra. Look at the image of a rainforest on the postcard template.

Complete the passage of text describing the rainforest on the other side of the template by choosing the correct words to fill the gaps.



Rainforests are some of the richest ecosystems on Earth. Typically, they have a TROPICAL /WINTER climate due to their proximity to the equator. They usually receive a large amount of SNOW / RAINFALL each year. The rainforest is home to lots of living things: animals such as ORANGUTANS / POLAR BEARS, TIGERS / HORSES and a variety of trees including WILD FRUIT TREES / OAK TREES. When you look at a rainforest, it's usually a vivid BLUE / GREEN in colour, with lots of WATERFALLS / BEACHES dotted across the landscape. Rainforests consist of lots of layers full of a variety of different animal and plant life. One of these layers is called the 'canopy'; it is an umbrella-like layer of branches and LEAVES / ROOTS of the trees. In the canopy, you can find up to 80% of the HUMANS / WILDLIFE that live(s) in the rainforest!





# Spellings

Stage: 3	Homop spelling	hones: Words which h gs.	nave the same pronunc	iation but different me	anings and/or	Th-
List: 29	Name:					Spelling Sheet
Spetting	S	1 <sup>st</sup> Attempt	2 <sup>nd</sup> Attempt	3 <sup>rd</sup> Attempt	4 <sup>th</sup> Attempt	5 <sup>th</sup> Attempt
ball						ÖT
bawl						
berry						
bury						
brake						7
break						ß
fair		1111m			STED.	
fare 👘						
mail					×	
male						





# Spelling activity.

Stage: 3	Homophones: Wo spellings.	rds which	have t	the sar	ne pro	nunc	iatior	n but d	lifferer	nt mea	nings a	nd/or				-
List: 29													(	300		G
16	Name:														Come	عفالنغار
60			-	ind .	andi	inc	crar	nhla	VOL	ir cn	olling	ic in t		ride		
Spetting	IS		г 					note	y00	n sp		s in tl	ie g	nus.		
ball		a	b	L	L		b	a	e	k	r	a	b	L	w	
bawl																
berry								. 1			_		<u> </u>		11	
bury		b	a	e	k	r		1	a	t	r	b	У	r	u	
brake																
<mark>bre</mark> ak		f	r	a	e	1 [	r	r	е	b	у	i	L	a	m	
fair										6						
fare											00				-	
mail		e	m	a	L											
male																





### <u>Grammar</u>

Section 1 Can you think of the words that end in 'el' to answer these clues? Use a dictionary if you need to. DOWN: Small woodland creatures that can be grey or red. ACROSS: To go to a different	Section 3 Write a suitable conjunction in this sentence: a) I might buy a mansion I ever win the lottery.
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#### Section 5

Can you turn these words into plurals?

church - \_\_\_\_\_



### Section 2

Can you place the correct speech punctuation in Luke's reply?

I've done a picture of a farmyard replied Luke



#### Section 4

Can you spot the TWO spelling mistakes on Mr Whoops' to-do list? Can you help him to spell them correctly?

#### TO-DO:

Book Mum's suprise birthday party. Visit the shopping center

#### Section 6

Can you think of an adjective, adverb and a proper noun beginning with...

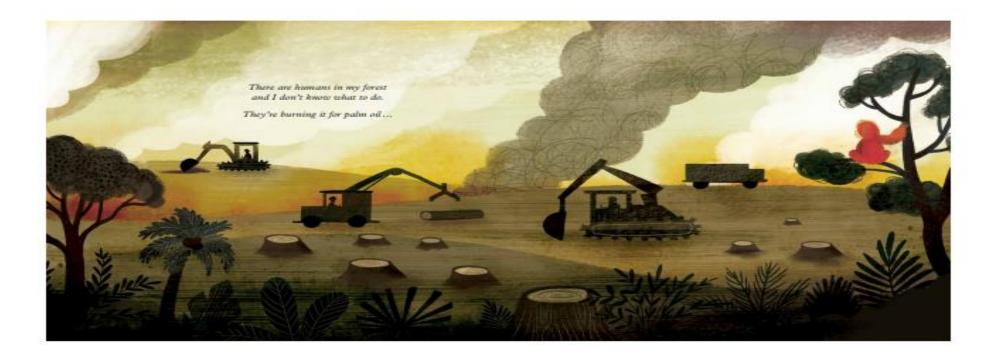
	adjective	adverb	proper noun
the letter p?			
the letter n?			





### Reading Comprehension

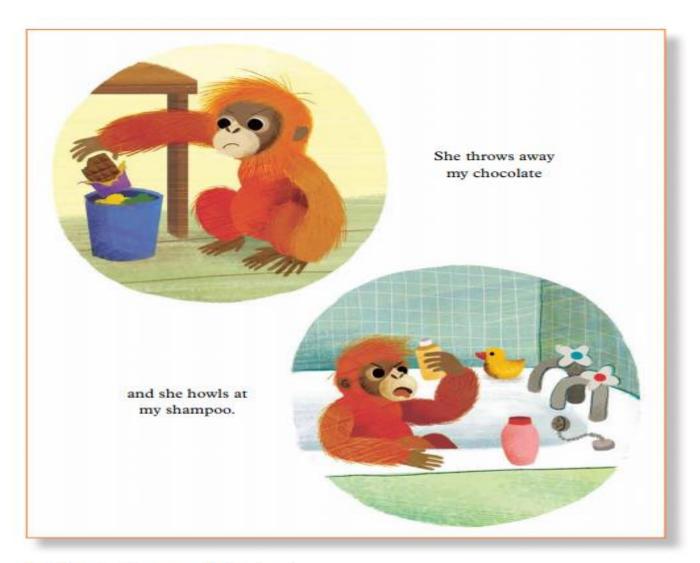
Look at the following spread from There's a Rang-Tan in My Bedroom and answer the questions below:



- 1. What is happening on these pages? How would you describe the scene? Is it positive or negative?
- 2. How is this image different from the image of the rainforest that you have just been looking at?
- 3. Why are humans causing this destruction to the orangutan's home?
- 4. How would you describe the orangutan in the illustration?
- 5. What can you infer about why Rang-tan is in the little girl's bedroom and not in her usual habitat?





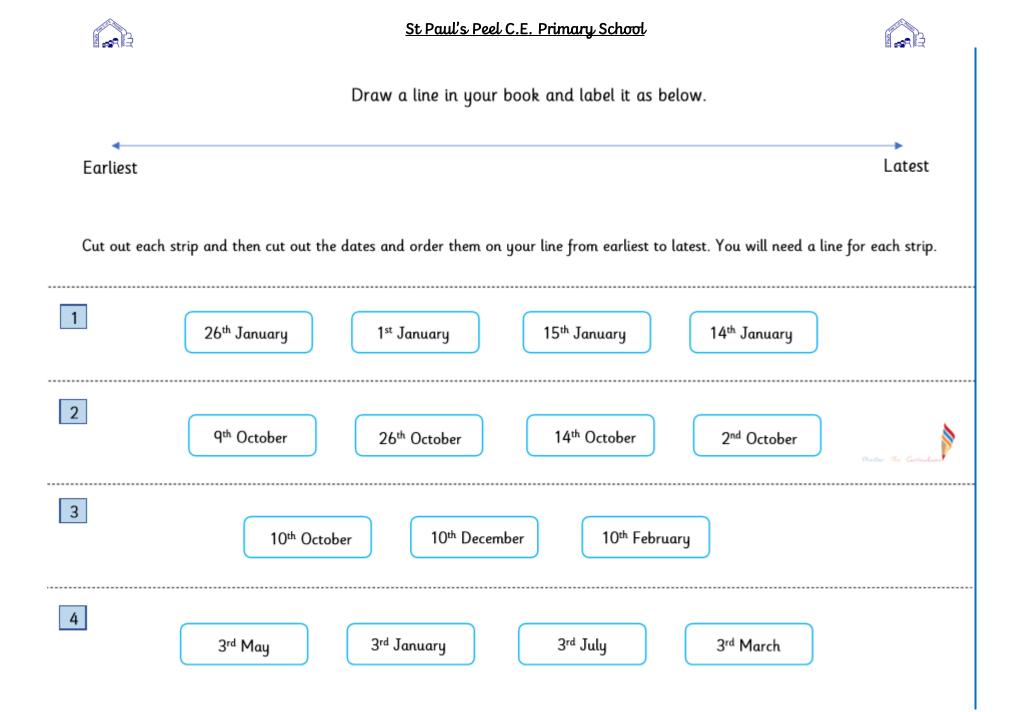


- 1. What is Rang-tan doing here?
- 2. Do you think she likes chocolate? Why or why not?
- 3. Do you think she likes shampoo? Why or why not?



# Maths - Year 3

There are	minutes in an hour.	There are ho	urs in a day.
100, 16, 60,	6, 10	10, 20, 42, 24	4, 12
There are days in a year	. There are month	is in a year. There are _	seconds in a minute.
300, 365, 360, 366	10, 20, 42, 24	, 12	30, 60, 90, 24, 6
There are day	ys in a leap year.	Leap years happen every	y years.
300, 365, 3	860, 366	4, 2, 3,	1, 5
Fill in the calendar to show			
	FEBRUARY		
	مممممالمة	عممممار	
MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUGUST
SEPTEMBER	OCTOBER	NOVEMBER	DECEMBER







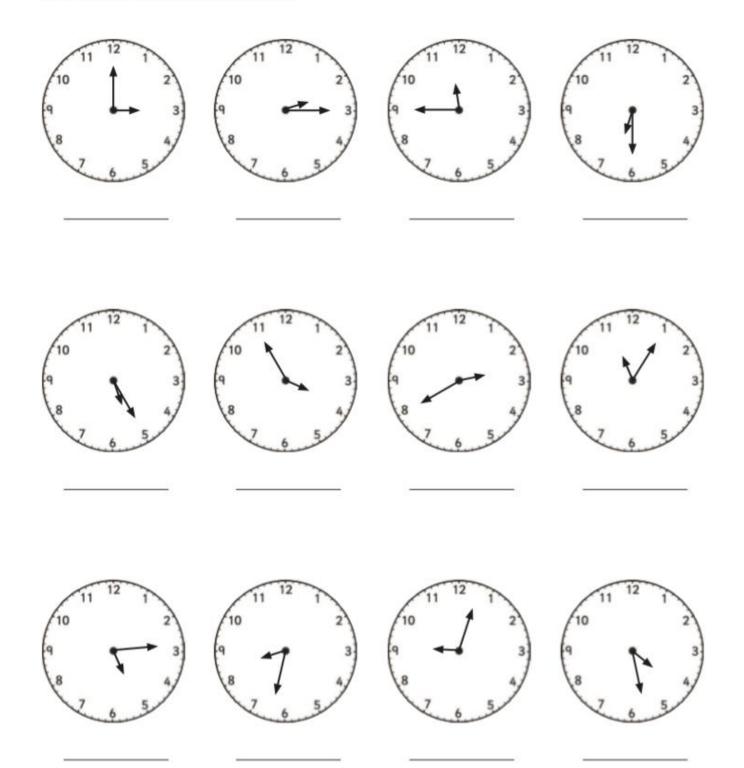


Put the times and events in the correct place on the table. Can you add some events of your own? **....**? =

Morning	Afternoon	Evening	Night
			Prester The Contractor
			The Cartletan
Going to bed Getting re for scho	ady ol Brushing your teeth when you wake up	Noon 3 a	o'clock Breakfast
Assembly 8 o'cloo	k Midnight	Brushing your teeth before bed	Dinner Lunch

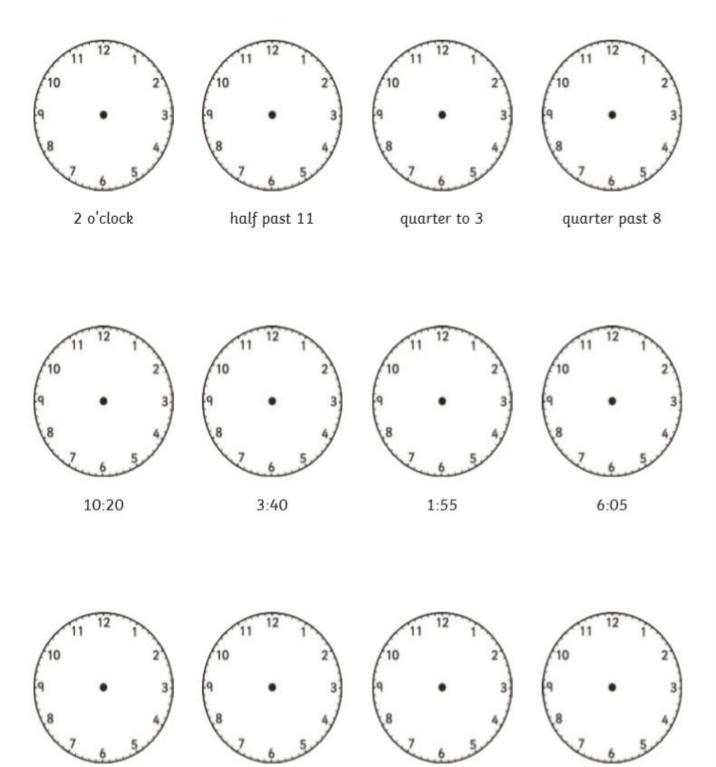


Write the time shown on each clock.





Draw the time on each clock.



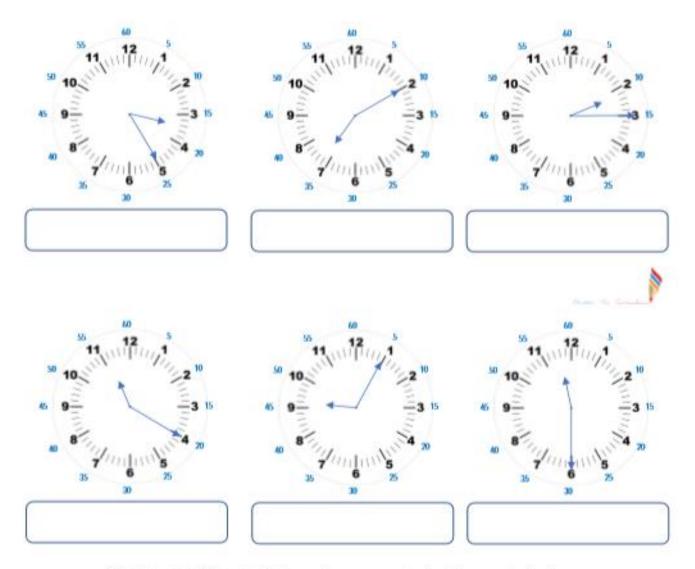
8:27

9:11

7:41

4:12

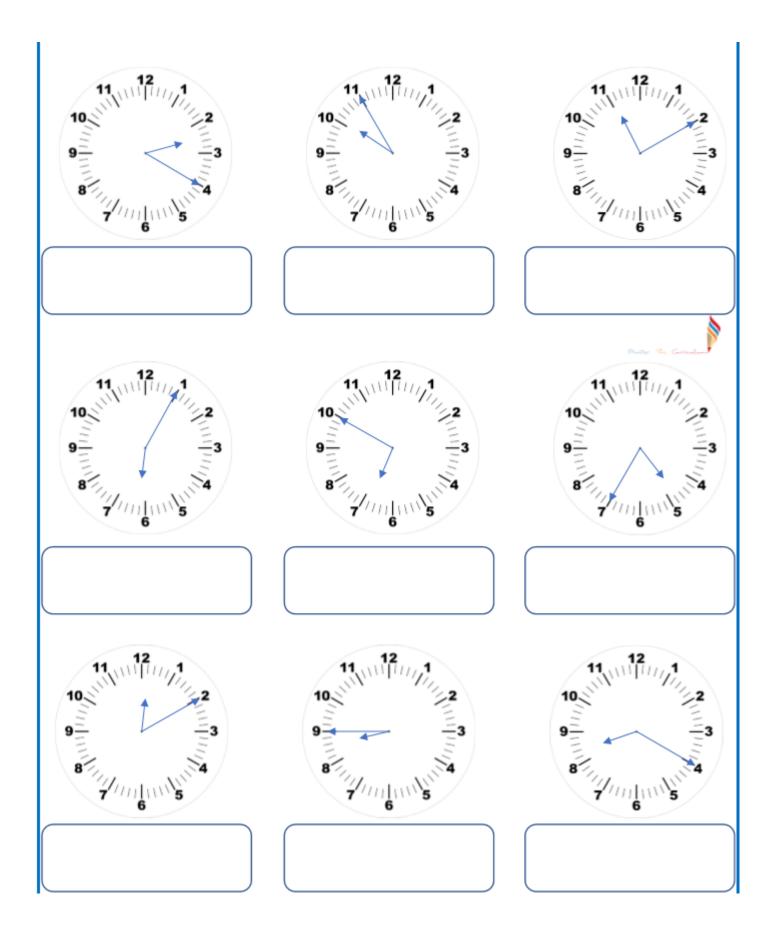




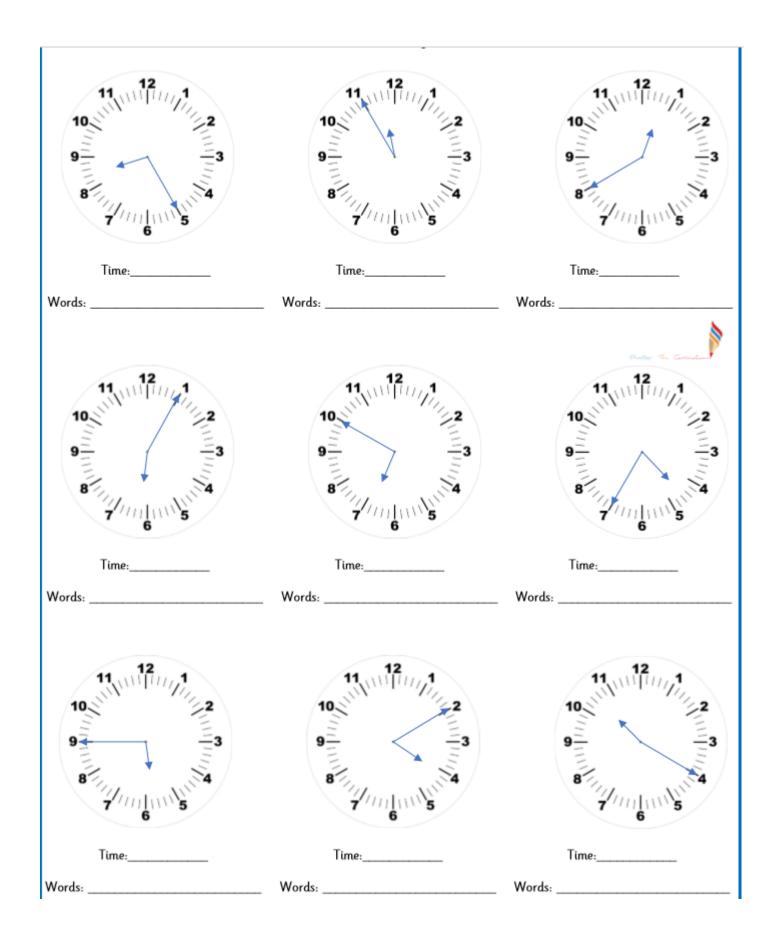
What time is it? Count in 5s to see how many minutes there are to the hour.





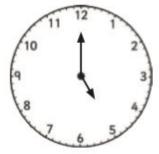








Tell the time on each clock, follow the instruction, and write in 24-hour format. All the times are between noon and midnight.



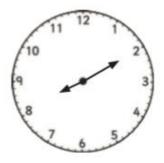
45 minutes before:



1 hour after:



35 minutes before:



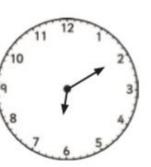
an hour and a half after:





25 minutes before:

55 minutes after:



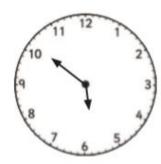


40 minutes before:

an hour and a quarter after:



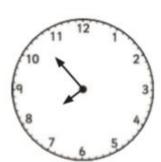
19 minutes before:



48 minutes after:







62 minutes before:

94 minutes after:



# <u>Mental Maths</u>

1)	5 x 7	
2)	40 ÷ 5	
3)	15 – = 9	
4)	Who scored the <b>most</b> points? Flame 1274 Captain 1706 Tyger 1198 Sally 974	
5)	How much change from 50p if I spend 36p?	
6)	How many minutes from the time on the clock until 10:10?	
7)	What is the next number? 172, 170, 168, 166, 164,	
8)	The time is 11:30am. What will the time be in 2 hours?	
9)	10 + 6 = 8 +	
10)	720 subtract 300	
11)	Sally has 27 candy sweets. Frazer has 20 sweets. How many sweets do they have altogether?	
12)	Write down all the <b>odd</b> numbers in the list below. 78 64 59 81 66 74	
13)	Which shape has exactly 2 right angles?	
14)	Frazer puts a cake in the oven for 20 minutes at 12:50pm. When will it be ready?	
15)	I share 60 candies between 10 friends. How many each?	
16)	A tennis ball weighs 58g. How much does 2 balls weigh?	





# Seed Dispersal

Look at each of the pictures below and see if you can decide how the seeds are dispersed in each of these cases (circle the correct one). What adaptations can you see to help each plant's particular method of dispersal in each one?



<u>Wind Water</u> Animals Explosion Adaptation: Blackberry

Wind Water Animals Explosion

Adaptation:



Wind Water Animals Explosion

Adaptation:

Pond Iris



Wind Water Animals Explosion

Adaptation:

Burdock



Wind Water Animals Explosion

Adaptation:

Dandelion



Wind Water Animals Explosion

Adaptation:



Questions to ask yourself about your seed?

- 1. Is the seed coated with edible flesh?
- 2. Is your seed heavy or light?
- 3. Is your seed sticky?
- 4. Does your seed have hooks?
- 5. Is your seed found by water?
- 6. Does your seed have wings?
- 7. Does your seed roll?
- 8. Have you ever seen animals holding your seed?

9. Has your plant have long stems which could root and form new plants?

10. Does your plant explode?